



Wellsprings School RE Progression map

Early Years Foundation Stage		Year 1 and 2 (Key Stage 1)	Year 3 and 4 (Lower Key Stage 2)	Year 5 and 6 (Upper Key Stage 2)
<p>Understanding the World</p> <p>Children at the expected level of development will: Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps; Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country; drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and where appropriate – maps.</p>	Christianity			
	Incarnation	Understand advent is when Christians get ready for Christmas. Recall and order Bible stories associated with Jesus' birth.	Recall stories of Jesus miracles - what do they say about Jesus? Understand Christians believe Jesus is the Son of God	Nativity in two gospels - Mary and Joseph's viewpoints Virgin birth - Jesus both human and divine Reflect - why different accounts? Incarnation is belief Jesus fully God & fully human Identify how belief Jesus 'God with us' helps Christians
	Agape	Jesus taught people should be loving, kind and forgiving because this is what God is like. Recall story of Unmerciful Servant linking it to forgiveness in Lord's prayer. Reflect on implications of this story for Christians today.	Christians try to be like Jesus and obey his teachings Recall story of Good Samaritan Know context & background of Good Samaritan story How does story display disinterested love to all?	Beatitudes -recall what Jesus said about selfless, unconditional love Give examples of what Christians are doing today to live out these beliefs Give examples of ways Christian Church shows the love of God
	God	Christians find out what God is like and how he wants people to live from the Bible. Key beliefs of the Bible creation story. Christians believe God expects humans to care for His world.	Christians describe God as Father Son and Holy Spirit - Trinity. Recall what happens at Infant and Believers Baptism	Christians believe God is Love, compassionate, omniscient, omnipresent, almighty, holy Bible talks about what God is like and his relationship with people Recognise Christians use evidence to support their belief in God Everything created by God in harmony - humans duty to care for it Relevant questions evidence God & concept stewardship
Salvation	Know the Christian Holy book is the Bible and it is divided into two parts - Old and New Testament. Recall and sequence last eight days of Jesus life. Understand Christians believe because Jesus died they can be forgiven by God.	Recognise Christians call Jesus 'Saviour' Explain four claims of Christian Salvation story Recall key features of story of Zacchaeus & its message Recall story of Jesus death on the cross	Meaning of atonement - forgiving sin through death and resurrection; at-one-ment Christians emphasise Jesus is saviour of the world How reconciliation works - common approach Reflect Easter celebrates Jesus dying to take punishment & pay debt of sin. Christians believe Jesus rose & have eternal life through faith in him.	

	Understand Christians believe Jesus rose from dead giving hope of new life.	Understand Christians believe because Jesus died they can be forgiven by God	
Judaism			
Torah	Know what Torah is and what it means. Why is the Torah special? How do Jews show it is special? Basic details of Shabbat.	Key features of synagogue Why going to synagogue is important Basic details about what happens and how Torah is central Torah is written in Hebrew	Know what the tenakh is Why is Torah the important part of Tenakh? Know the content of Shema and how importance demonstrated Features of the Talmud and its importance The features of Shimchat Torah
G-d and the Covenant	G-d created universe and details of story. The Jewish name for G-d Recognise Star of David and meaning. Why Israel is special.	Covenant with Abraham Exodus and receiving 10 commandments Covenant involves being God's Chosen People and obeying commandments Passover as celebration of Exodus	Bar and Bat Mitzvah and their meaning Features of Abraham's story Meaning of covenant with Abraham Features of Yom Kippur How and why Shabbat is celebrated
Islam			
Iman		Many revelations which are contained in the Qur'an Qur'an is copy of 'Mother of Book' How Qur'an shown respect God's message is straight path- Shariah Submission to Allah: Islam means "Submission" How praying 5 times a day is submitting to will of Allah	Allah has sent many prophets- who are respected. Muhammad is the final Message has been corrupted, need for Qur'an Key beliefs about Qur'an
Submission to Allah			God's message is known as the Shariah Shari'a is taken from the Qur'an and the Sunnah Sunna provide Muslims with the practical interpretations Humans have the role of Khalifah Saum and Zakah illustrates the concept of Khalifah The story of Bilal and understand why it is important

Hinduism			
Dharma		<p>Recall stories of the exile, return and reign of Rama</p> <p>Understand why Hindus light lamps to celebrate Divali.</p> <p>Know Dharma means 'right-living' and that the Hindu faith is called the 'Hindu Dharma'</p>	<p>Know about the term 'Hinduism'.</p> <p>Know about the Holi festival and recall the Holika story.</p> <p>Know the Hindu word for 'action' is 'karma'</p>
Belief - Deity		<p>Know that Hindu holy books describe Rama and Krishna as 'Avatars'.</p> <p>Know that Hindus believe they can worship God in other divine forms (deities).</p>	<p>Understand about the Hindu books 'Vedas'.</p> <p>Recall the story of Shiva and the Ganges.</p> <p>Understand that Hinduism teaches that there is one Supreme being / person, Brahman.</p> <p>Recognise the symbol often associated with Hinduism: Aum.</p>
Belief - Atman		<p>Recognise a form of Hindu worship – puja.</p> <p>Recognise the following terms – Mandir, shrine, puja, murti, Prasad and arti.</p>	<p>Recall the Hindu greeting Namaste and its meaning</p> <p>Understand Hindus belief in Reincarnation: the belief that when a body dies their atman (soul) may move onto another being.</p> <p>The continual cycle of Atman (Samsara)</p> <p>The type of life an Atman moves onto depends on its previous one (Law of Karma).</p>
Humanism	<p>Be familiar with the terms 'Humanist' and 'Atheist'.</p> <p>Know that of utmost importance for a Humanist is what human beings have achieved and can achieve as individuals and together to improve life for everyone and look after the world.</p> <p>Know that many Humanists are 'atheists'; they do not believe in a deity or deities.</p> <p>Know how a Humanist family might celebrate the birth of a child and/or the naming of a baby.</p> <p>Be able to recognise the 'happy human' symbol.</p>	<p>Recognise the terms 'material world' and 'secular'</p> <p>Be able to tell another person what is meant by 'Humanist' and 'atheist'.</p> <p>Be familiar with what the 'happy human' symbol means.</p>	<p>Be familiar with the term 'agnostic'</p> <p>Be able to say why Humanism is a life stance but not a religion.</p> <p>Know how secular Humanists regard life and death – know how they might celebrate marriage or death and how this differs from a religious ceremony.</p> <p>Be able to name 2 prominent Humanist scientists e.g. Marie Curie, Albert Einstein, and how Humanism informs music, songs etc. e.g. John Lennon's Imagine.</p>